



Newsletter N°1 24-26 January 2012 - International Colloquium- Pierrelaye - UNESCO House Paris France

# **EDITORIAL**

For 3 years, the International Movement ATD Fourth World has carried out a participatory action research project examining the links between poverty, violence and peace. More than 1000 people from 25 different countries around the world participated in this work. The majority are people living in conditions of extreme poverty; others are people acting in solidarity with them. We often judge people living in chronic poverty as those who commit violent acts, against which society must protect itself, forgetting that they are the victims of ongoing daily violence. They live in extreme poverty and suffer repeated violations of their rights, being made to feel guilty for not succeeding when projects which are intended for them do not fit their situation. They are rarely associated in these projects.

The violence which people living in extreme poverty have experienced and spoken about was at the centre of this research. These people with direct experience of chronic poverty were genuine contributors to the work: they shared their experience and knowledge which was blended with that of other participants from other backgrounds (academics, researchers, professionals, etc.). This allowed for a more global reflection on the relation between the violence caused by poverty and the contribution to peace. The international Colloquium aimed to disseminate the findings of the 3 year research.



## **ENOUGH! THOSE WHO SPEAK OF POVERTY ARE ALWAYS THE SAME**

three year international research, based on par- often return to their country. ticipatory action. Most of the participants have a Speaking of the non-recognition of people experience of living extreme poverty. Donna Haig living in extreme poverty, Moraene Roberts Friedmann, researcher at the Centre for Social underscored how the emotions and words of Policy of the University of Massachushetts, called people living in poverty are misinterpreted: « to ATD Fourth World's fresh approach « counter- complain is seen as non-cooperation; to protest cultural » to academia's usual approaches.

examples of the trivialisation of extreme pover- another, and the language that each and evety. Cases where human rights are denied, where ryone uses, was a major issue in the discussions, people living in extreme poverty are excluded both in plenary sessions and in the smaller from active participation.

Ricarl Pierrelouis, from Mauritius, spoke of an nal Leadership Team of ATD Fourth World, entire village being evicted in order for the au- highlighted the importance of this issue at the thorities to build a dam. The villagers were not beginning of the day. consulted, and they now live further from work In this choice of language, in choosing not to opportunities, with even more difficult condi- label people, society has a role to play. Acations of access to schooling. In the UK, parents writing letters to their child- and should undertake changes in this area. The ren in care are not allowed to express their emo- afternoon plenary session further underscored tions - if they do, local authorities may not allow how fundamental this is. As one participant anymore letters. said, « It is not so much the solutions reached in In Lebanon, migrant domestic workers are not our dialogue that are important, as being able to

More than 300 people have been involved in this nothing will come of it. Instead, they suffer, and

as aggression, to explain as making excuses ».

Participants spoke up on this first day with Indeed, the importance of understanding one groups. Diana Skelton, from the Internatio-

demics, policy-makers and institutions could

covered by national law. They do not report any reach these solutions all together ». violence they may be a victim of, as they know

QUOTES

«What I have discovered in this Colloquium is that strategies to fight against poverty must be constructed with people living in poverty»

Béatrice Epaye, President Fondation Voix du Coeur, Republic of Central Africa





Families who live alongside the railway in Antananarivo, Madagscar.

### PEACE AND MUTUAL RECOGNITION

« When the violence that is experienced by people living in extreme poverty is recognised, that brings a sort of peace to the soul ». It is through this recognition, as spoken of by Ronald Schexnayder, that pathways for peace can be built. Ronald is a member of ATD Fourth World Movement Task Force, in New Orleans, USA.

After yesterday's discussions and testimonies on the violence of extreme poverty, exchanges today centred on the type of peace participants wish to build in society. The ways in which to build this peace were also examined.

Participants discovered that peace was defined in different ways according to the context of those living it, or denied it. In Rwanda a youth group from Umuseke Association stated that peace was having enough to eat, proper health care, and access to education. Peace was also defined as a feeling that needs to be internal before being able to reproduce it by building with others. Christophe Géroudet, an ATD Fourth World volunteer in Bolivia, reminded us that extreme poverty destroys human beings. Indeed, it can lead to self destruction, when one is ignored as a human being, due to repeated acts of humiliation, a lack of recognition, and a lack of self-esteem. It demands enormous ressources of strength and courage to lift oneself, and others, out of violence and up towards peace building. As Deirdre Mauss, also a member of ATD New Orleans Task Force, said, « Peace doesn't always happen in a big bang », and there are many pathways to peace. Showing kindness to someone who shows little, for example, but also working together to educate for peace. Hoang Thi Cong Ngoc Nguyen works at the Catalyst Foundation, in Vietnam. She underscored the importance of working in partnership with people in extreme poverty, through projects that allow all participants to learn from one another. In ATD Fourth World's Live-In Family Developmen project in Noisy le Grand, France, cultural and artistic projects have been set up. Through active participation in the

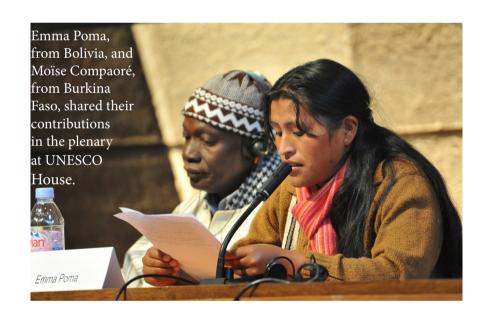
### Understanding the violence faced by people in chronic poverty and the pathways towards peace

causes chronic poverty, since it inevitably leads cipation, the example of ill-adapted projects to to exclusion, to the rejection of one human the needs of people living in chronic poverty being by other human beings». This statement, were discussed. Moïse Compaoré, from Burkina by Fr. Joseph Wresinski, founder of ATD Fourth Faso, explained how a project thought out wit-World, needs to be heard and understood by hout the participation of those most concerned, more than the participants to this international is doomed to fail. Amanda Button, in the United Colloquium at UNESCO House, by the whole Kingdom, spoke out on the violence of having of society in order to truly build the pathways her children taken away from her and put in to peace.

UNESCO House, Paris, France, brought toge- this project. ther participants from the past two days and Martine Le Corre's inspriring speech again emover 250 outside guests. Present amongst the phasized the core need for participation in order guests were Magdalena Sepulveda, UN Spe- to build pathways to peace. « Peace cannot be cial rapporteur on extreme poverty and human imposed. It is something we build and live, in rights, Olivier de Schutter, UN Special rappor- our daily experiences ». The knowledge of those teur on the right to food, and Federico Mayor who live with the violence of poverty needs to Zaragoza, ex director-general of UNESCO and be recognised. Once society recognises the value founder of the Fundacion por la Paz, in Spain. The day was devoted to outputs from the three will take on true substance. year participatory research project, and from the The Colloquium ended with the opening of two days spent at ATD Fourth World's interna- the art exhibition created by members of ATD tional centre. « This has been a lesson in humi- Fourth World. The photos and artwork are the lity », said Cécile Molinier, director of UNDP in expression of the lived experiences of people Geneva, referring to ATD Fourth World's core living in extreme poverty, of the violence of functionning of participation, and the blending poverty, and of their commitment to building of life experiences and knowledge of those who peace. have experienced extreme poverty.

« The violence of contempt and indifference Further highlighting the importance of partifoster care. Social services did not seek for her The public event held on 26th January 2012 at involvement, her opinion, her participation in

of this knowledge, then pathways towards peace



#### UOTES

«We need to bring the life experiences and expertise of people living in ex-

«I want to tell the authorities that they need to see us as they

«You remind us that poverty is a terrible form of violence. Thank you for

projects, children and adults discover unimagined capabilities of which to be proud. Through sharing and recognition of the equal value of all as human beings, peace is built in the community.

People living in extreme poverty, academics and development workers shared and blended their life experiences and knowledge, one day two of the Colloquium, as they did on day one. Coming together to share these experiences, with the aim of sharing them further, outside of the circle of participants, is most definitely a large step towards building peace together.

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treme poverty into policy and decision making» Thomas Mayes, activist Fourth World, UK

see themselves, as human beings» Julián Quispe, activist Fourth World, Peru



Federico Mayor Zaragoza, former director general of **UNESCO** 







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